

INSURANCE BEST PRACTICE IN EPS MANAGEMENT

Why is this an Issue?

EPS "sandwich" panels became available in the 1980s and were quickly adopted in the construction of:

- cool rooms
- cold stores
- freezers.

The panels are made from two metal sheets and a layer of combustible foam plastic

Since the adoption of this material a number of fire have occurred involving EPS panels

The following report from Zurich Australia (2011) outlines the lessons learned from a sandwich panel fire at a major food processing factory.

"The fire started in a staging area for plastic packaging trays, and despite the area being attended and the presence of automatic smoke detection, the fire was able to quickly develop.

The fire was detected at an early stage by an operator who unsuccessfully discharged an extinguisher. Despite their best efforts, the fire quickly spread to the EPS (expanded polystyrene) sandwich panel ceiling.

Before the fire fighters could mount any first attack, the fire had spread the full length of the main production building, associated loading dock and cold store, overall a length of around 100 metres.

Over 100 fire fighters eventually attended and were able to contain the fire to the main building and protect the large ammonia receivers adjacent to the building.

The key lessons coming out of this fire was a reinforcement of previous experience:

• EPS panel ceilings are very susceptible to fires starting beneath them



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- Fires starting under EPS panel ceilings spread very rapidly. The fire spreads across the ceiling as the panels progressively delaminate and the EPS melts and vapourises to fuel. Fires can also spread inside the wall and ceiling panels, before bursting out at the panel seams
- The fire load from EPS wall and ceiling panels is enough on its own to cause deformation and collapse of major steel roof beams
- Fire brigades are unlikely to contain a developed EPS panel fire and they will not enter the building due to the risk of collapse

What is Best Practice?

The following controls are designed to avoid starting EPS fires. The objective is to keep ignition sources away from the combustible core of the panel.

Suggested Controls:

- Always ensure that sparks or heat from cutting and welding is well separated from EPS panels.
- Never conduct cutting, welding, grinding or any other hot work directly on EPS panel.
- Do not mount electrical switches, panels, switchboards, or other electrical appliances directly onto EPS panels.
- Other ignition sources such as heaters, cookers, forklift rechargers and hazardous processes should not be located near EPS panels.
- Electrical panels and other equipment located in EPS areas should be maintained and tested on a regular schedule. Thermographic scanning should be undertaken on sub boards
- Hot services such as exhaust ducts and heating lines which pass through EPS panels should have non combustible insulated sleeves fitted to prevent heat being transferred to the panel.



How do I attend to this?

- 1. Implement EPS Permit to work for own Staff and Contractors. Sample is attached
- 2. Undertake regular inspection to ensure there are no holes or open areas in the panels
- 3. Undertake annual thermoscanning of switch boards.
- 4. Implement "Hot Work" Permit system



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INSURANCE BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINES

PERMIT TO WOR	RK
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ON COMBUSTIBLE COMPOSITE BUILDING PANELS

NO WORK is permitted on combustible polystyrene "sandwich" panel, or any other composite building panels that have a core of combustible material, without a Permit. The White copy of this permit must be displayed prominently at the work site, and returned when work is completed.

1	Date:	Permit No.:	Issu	ier:						
	Building:	Department:	Area	a:						
	Work Required, and any spec	ial precautions needed:								
2	Does the work require penetration of the non-combustible outer layers of the panels: Yes / No									
1	If Yes, what tools will be used	to cut the panels:								
	Hot Work: Is any Hot Work metres of the nominated work	(cutting, welding, grind site during the validity p	ing, etc) being carried out, o period of the Permit: Yes /	r due to be carried out, within 5 No						
	If Yes, has a Hot Work Permit	been issued: Yes / No	(Hot Work Permit No.:)						
	Checklist: Production staff in the area No heat producing cutting Fire extinguisher or hoser Equipment will not be mou Electrical switches and fitt All joins and exposed com	a concerned have been /drilling equipment to be eel available at the work unted directly on the par ings will not be recessed ubustible material protect	advised. used directly on the panels. site. nels unless through-bolted and d into the panel. ted against sparks and flying h	l properly supported. not fragments.						
	AUTHORISATION: I have checked the location where the work is to be carried out and I am satisfied that all appropriate precautions have been taken.									
	I his permit is valid for one shi	ft only - From: an	n/pm On: / / Io:	am/pm On: / /						
	Safety/Maintenance - Signed:		Title:							
		n	Sou window							
	Understand that Lam authorised to undertake on combustible building papels only as specified above									
	Signed:		Date:							
	FINAL CHECK									
	I have rechecked the location work has been carried out in a	between 30 and 90 m safe manner and there	inutes after completion of the is no residual fire risk.	work and I am satisfied that the						
	 All joint cover strips (vertic All holes in the non-combu All negative through the 	al & horizontal) remove ustible outer layers have	d on the panel have been repl been fitted with a permanent	aced. cover and sealed.						
	All penetrations through the panel have been fitted with a metal bush or collar and sealed.									
	 All rubbish and combustible waste materials have been removed. 									
	Signed:		Title:							
	Date:		Time:							
	nan na manga karang karang Karang karang		Secret Productive							



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HOT WORK PERMIT

Dat	ate:// Full Name of Person Carrying Out Work:							
Company: Signa		nature:						
Responsible Officer:		Fire V	/atch:					
	Section A: To be completed <u>prior</u> to work							
N	WORK TO BE DONE (Description & Location) TIME OF ISSUE TIME OF EXPIRY						TIME OF EXPIRY	
_						am/nm	· am/nm	
_					•	anypin	. anypin	
		PRECAUTIO	DNS		CHEC	KLIST	IF "NO" DESCRIBE	
Fire	Protection							
1.	Sprinklers	in service (If in	stalled)		Yes	🗆 No		
2.	Detectior form com	n systems isolat Ipleted	ed and impairment		Yes	🗆 No		
3.	Portable e	extinguishers a	nd fire hose reels		Yes	🗆 No		
Arec	a Preparati	on						
4.	4. Floors swept clean of combustibles				Yes	🗆 No		
5. Combustible floors wet down, covered with damp sand metal or other shields			h 🗆	Yes	🗆 No			
6.	 All combustible material or flammable liquids removed from the area 			ds 🗆	Yes	🗆 No		
7.	 All wall and floor openings /penetrations appropriately sealed 				Yes	🗆 No		
8.	 Is surrounding construction non-combustible and without combustible coverings 			e 🛛	Yes	🗆 No		
9.	9. Covers suspended around work to collect sparks				Yes	🗆 No		
10.	If working container enclosed	on enclosed e rs, ducts, dust o space precau	equipment (tanks, collectors, etc) has utions been taken		Yes	🗆 No		
Fire	Watch							
11.	To be pro work	vided during c	and 60 minutes after		Yes	🗆 No		
12.	Trained in sounding	the use of fire the fire alarm	equipment and in		Yes	🗆 No		
	Contion D. To be consulated offer were							
	Section B. To be completed <u>after</u> work							
		FINAL CHEC	CK-UP		CHE	CKLIST		



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Work area and all adjacent areas where sparks might have spread were inspected for at least 60 minutes after the work was completed and no fire conditions were noted.	□ Yes	🗆 No	:	am/pm
Signature of Operator: Signature of Responsible Office (If satisfied):	Signature of Fir	e Watch:		